

## INFORMATION SHEET – ENFORCING AN NTCAT ORDER

### Types of final orders

There are two types of final orders that can be made by NTCAT under the *Northern Territory Civil and Administrative Tribunal Act* (the Act):

- a *monetary* order (see section 84 of the Act), which means a party must pay another party money immediately or by the date given in the order; and
- a *non-monetary* order (see section 84A of the Act) which means a party must do or not do something immediately or by the date given in the order. Non-compliance with a non-monetary order is an offence under section 84B of the Act.

NTCAT does not enforce its final orders.

The person in whose favour a final order is made (usually the applicant) may enforce the order by registering it with the Local Court.

### Enforcing a final order

If you are the person in whose favour a final order is made, you should first ensure that the other party (usually the respondent) is aware of the final order, and what is required of them.

If the other party fails to comply with the final order, you can have it registered and enforced by the Local Court.

Once registered, an NTCAT order is taken to be an order of the Local Court, and may be enforced using processes available in that Court.

More information about Local Court process, including registration and enforcement of NTCAT orders, can be found at [www.localcourt.nt.gov.au](http://www.localcourt.nt.gov.au) or by contacting the Local Court Registry.